# Statistical methods for updating meta-analyses: An example of methods evaluation

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#### **Updating Cochrane reviews**

- Reviews need to be updated as new studies on the topic emerge
  - How often?
  - Will conclusions change?
  - Can we ever stop?

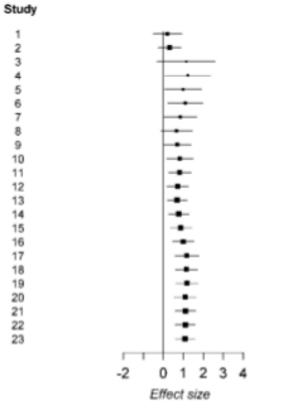
Meta-analyses will need to be updated

# Updated meta-analyses: risk of error

#### Random-effects cumulative meta-analysis

Estimates with 95% co	infidence intervals
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Number of updates	Type I error rate
Initial review	5%
1	9.8%
2	14%
5	26%
10	43%

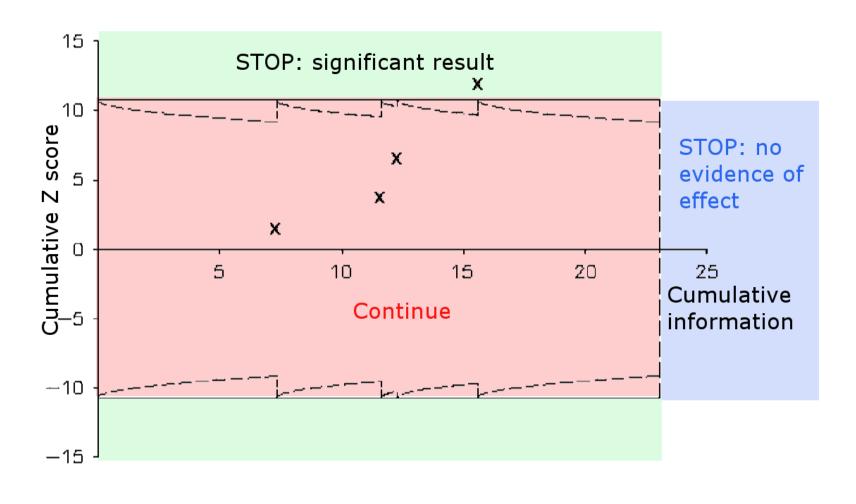


Treatment worse ← → Treatment better

# Statistical methods for updating

- Two identified
- 1. Sequential Meta-Analysis
  - Higgins, Whitehead, Simmonds
- 2. Trial Sequential Analysis
  - Thorlund, Wetterslev, Brok
- Both adapted from sequential clinical trial analyses

#### Sequential meta-analysis



# Evaluating the methods: 1) Search

Aim to identify all methods for updating meta-analyses

- Intensive search process
  - Citation based
  - "Snowballing search" from known papers

#### 2) Implementation

- Create software to run all identified methods
  - In R for this project
  - Could they be put in RevMan?

Are the methods practical? Fast? easy to use?

# 3) Testing and comparison

Run a large-scale simulation study

- Do methods avoid false-positives?
- How do the methods compare to each other?
- How much better than a "naïve" approach are they?

#### 4) Real world application

- Test the methods on existing metaanalyses
- Use updated reviews in the Cochrane library

- When do using these methods lead to different findings?
- When are the methods not needed?

#### 5) Guidance

- Discussion forum
  - Present findings
  - Elicit opinions
- Written guidance
  - When are new methods required?
  - When are standard approaches acceptable?
  - How/when should reviews be updated?
- Software
  - Software to perform analyses
  - Software to aid decision making