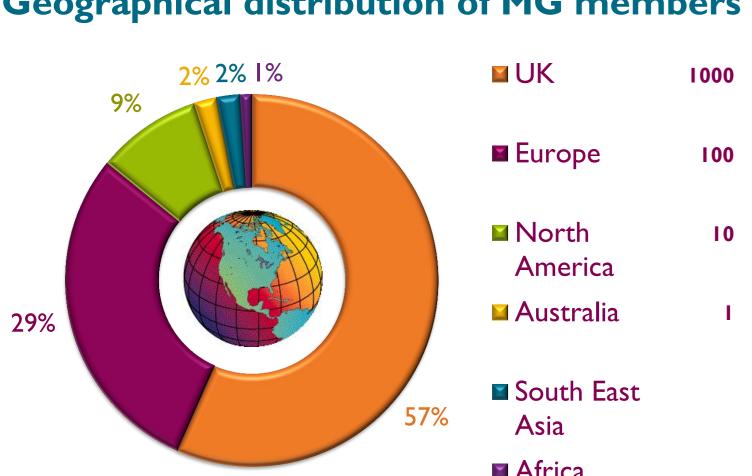
Cochrane Individual Participant Data (IPD) Meta-analysis Methods Group

The convenors are Jayne Tierney, Lesley Stewart, Maroeska Rovers, and Mike Clarke, and the coordinator is Larysa Rydzewska ¹MRC Clinical Trials Unit at UCL, London. ²Centre for Reviews and Dissemination, York. ³Radboud University Nijmegen Medical Centre, Nijmegen. ⁴Queens University, Belfast.

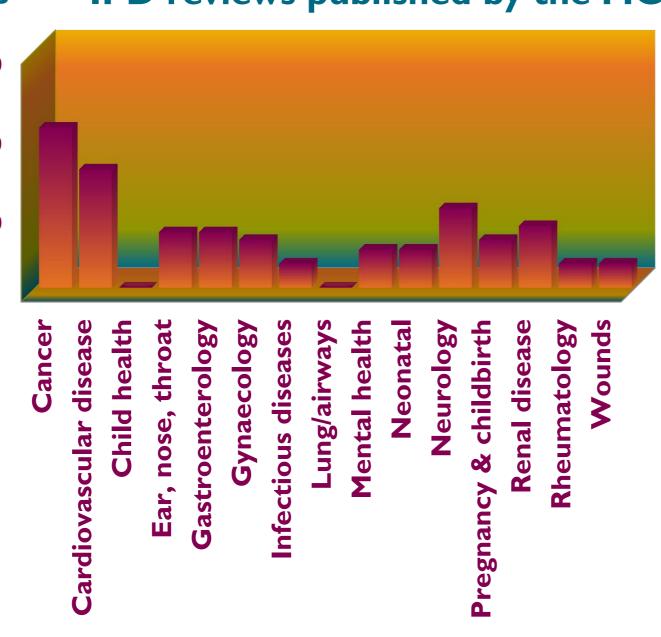
Who we are and what we do?

- Methods Group (MG) registered with Cochrane in 1994
- Includes people involved or interested in the conduct of systematic reviews and meta-analyses based on individual participant data (IPD)
- Over the last 10 years, membership has doubled to more than 100 members, and spans nearly 20 countries

Geographical distribution of MG members



IPD reviews published by the MG



104 members; 18 countries; 5 continents

- Experience in wide range of healthcare areas e.g. cancer, epilepsy, stroke, perinatal care, renal disease, cardiovascular disease and malaria
- Working on IPD meta-analyses in prevention, diagnosis, treatment, rehabilitation and prognosis, as well as related methodological research
- Hold regular workshops on various aspects of IPD meta-analyses at UK & Ireland-based Cochrane Contributors Meetings and Cochrane Colloquia
- Provide guidance to those undertaking Cochrane Reviews based on IPD
- Offer peer review for IPD-related aspects of submitted Cochrane Reviews

New guidance for IPD



Methodology has evolved and the conduct and reporting of IPD meta-analyses can be variable

- Difficult for clinicians, patients, policy-makers, journal editors and funders to assess and judge quality of IPD meta-analyses
- Current guidance does not adequately address the range of uses of IPD and updated guidance on appraisal and reporting is needed
- Funding was obtained from the UK MRC Network of Hubs for Trials Methodology Research to provide improved guidance for systematic reviews based on IPD
- In Sept 2012, a workshop was held in London, bringing together international experts, including MG members, to discuss key IPD topics
- Series of guidance papers currently being developed

What is different about IPD meta-analyses?

Meta-analyses based on aggregate data

- Based on published data and/or summary data obtained from trial investigators
- Can be limited by both availability and quality of data

Meta-analyses based on IPD

- Usually international collaborative projects, involving the researchers who did the relevant studies
- Central collection and re-analysis of original data from all relevant trials
- Benefit from improved data quality and analysis
- Usually more complex and resource intensive
- Considered the "gold standard"

More people now using IPD

- Use of the IPD approach has increased over time
- Extended into many areas of healthcare as well as prognostic and diagnostic studies
- Brings new practical and methodological challenges

Extending PRISMA to IPD



- PRISMA (Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses) statement is in widespread use, and has proved useful for both researchers and publishers
- However, it was not developed with IPD meta-analyses in mind and some items do not fit with the IPD approach
- In March 2013, a consensus meeting, involving members of the MG and funded by the Centre for Reviews and Dissemination, was held in York
- An IPD extension to PRISMA is currently in development

Methods research by members of the Group

Examples of some recent publications on our website include

Analysis

- Comparison of methods for statistical analysis of IPD (Stewart et al, 2012)
- One-stage versus two-stage approach (Bowden et al, 2011)
- Review of methods for assessment of patient-level interactions (Fisher et al, 2011)

Network meta-analysis

Mixed treatment comparisons (Blanchard et al, 2011)

Diagnostic and prognostic modelling

Framework for developing, implementing and evaluating clinical prediction models in IPD meta-analyses (Debray et al, 2013)

Bias

- Can trial quality be reliably assessed from published reports of cancer trials: evaluation of risk of bias assessments in systematic reviews. (Vale et al, 2013)
- Assessment of bias in IPD meta-analyses (Ahmed et al, 2012)

MG Timeline (1994-2013) Workshop to Apr 1994 discuss practical IPD methodology (Stewart et al 1995) IPD meta-analysis MG formally registered as a **Dec 1994** Cochrane entity **Workshops** at annual Colloquia on what IPD is and 1995-2002 when to use it in systematic reviews Workshops at annual Colloquia on when 2003-2005 and how to use IPD in systematic reviews Workshops at annual Colloquia on practical and statistical aspects 2007-2011 of carrying out systematic reviews based on IPD Lack of accessible guidance on IPD meta-analyses Oct 2011 identified during MG meeting at Colloquium Workshop to develop guidance for trialists, policymakers, journal **Sept 2012** editors and IPD reviewers Series of IPD guidance papers 2012-2013 currently in development PRISMA-IPD workshop held in March; guidance and 2013 checklist currently in development New workshop at Colloquium about understanding, appraising & reporting systematic reviews based on IPD **Sept 2013**

Want to know more or want to get involved?

For more information about all the Group's activities, please have a look at our website. It also contains information about our activities, along with guidance for those planning or undertaking IPD meta-analyses. Visitors can also find more information about IPD meta-analyses and browse through the IPD meta-analysis projects and IPD-related methodological research undertaken by Group members.

You can also sign up to join the Methods Group, using the online membership form.

http://ipdmamg.cochrane.org/

